

Computational Logic and Satisfiability

IN4077

Look-ahead SAT solvers

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SAT solving: DPLL

Davis Putnam Logemann Loveland [DP60,DLL62]

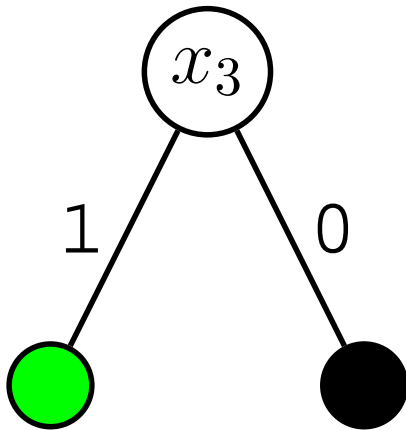
- Simplify (Unit Propagation)
- Split the formula
 - Variable Selection Heuristics
 - Direction heuristics

DPLL: Example

$$\mathcal{F}_{\text{DPLL}} := (x_1 \vee x_2 \vee \neg x_3) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee x_2 \vee x_3) \\ (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2 \vee x_3) \wedge (x_1 \vee x_3) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_3)$$

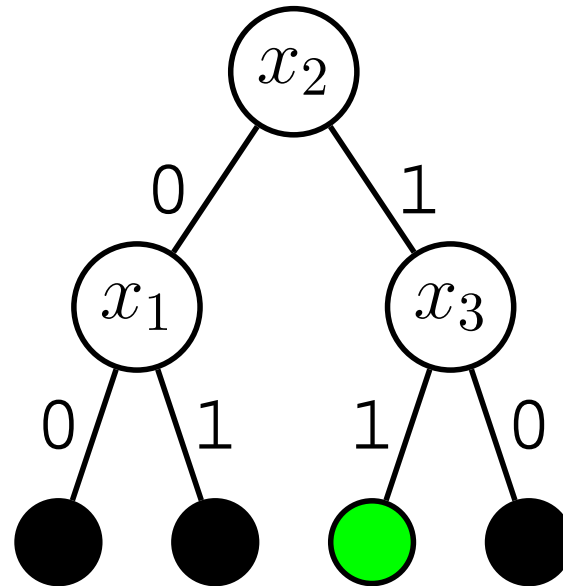
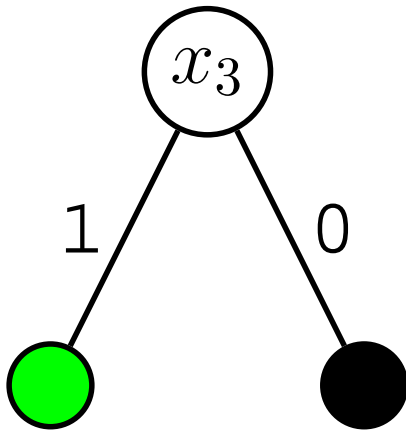
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DPLL with selection of (effective) decision variables by *look-aheads* on variables

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DPLL with selection of (effective) decision variables by *look-aheads* on variables

Look-ahead:

- Assign a variable to a truth value
- Simplify the formula
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- Backtrack

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- Examples: march, OKsolver, kcnfs

Look-ahead: Reduction heuristics

- Number of satisfied clauses

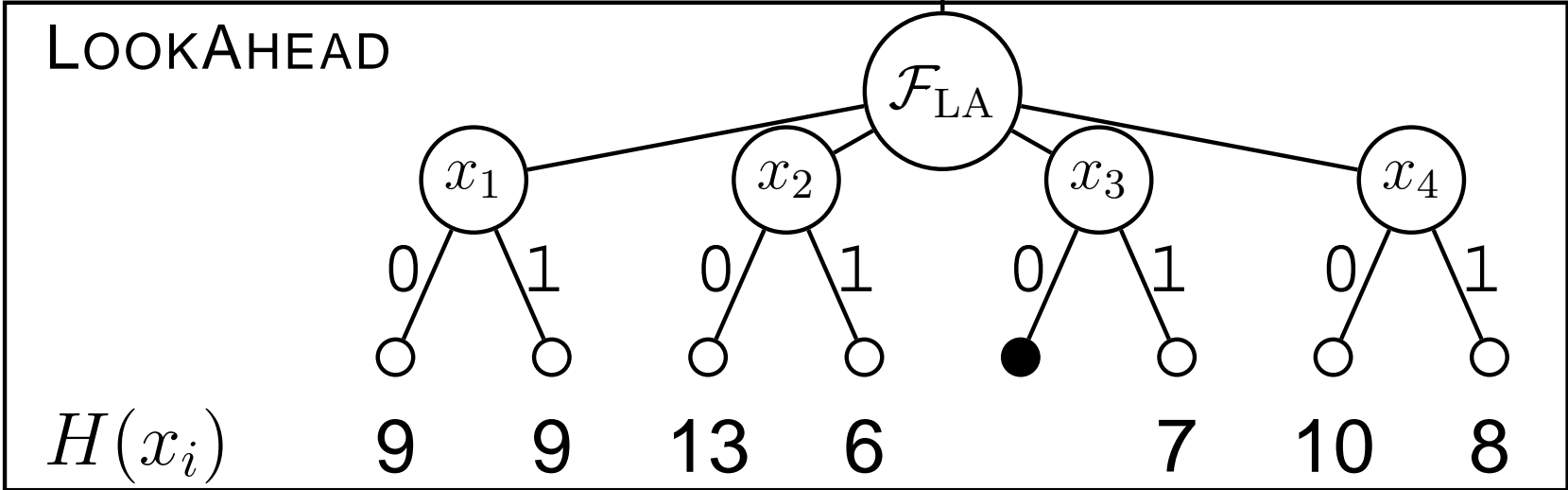
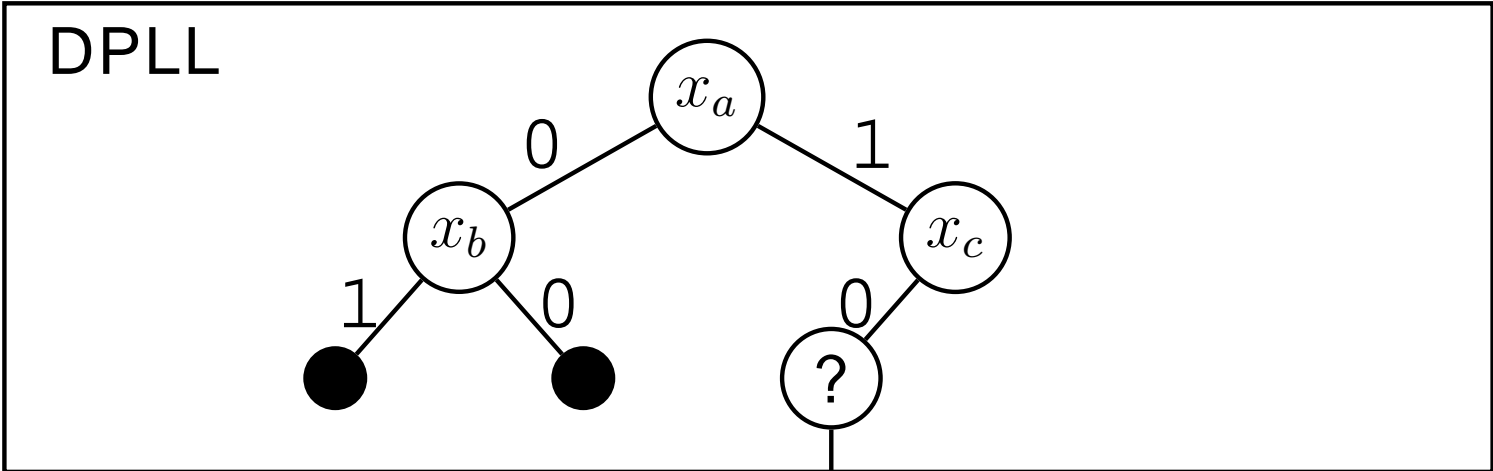
Look-ahead: Reduction heuristics

- Number of satisfied clauses
- Number of implied variables

Look-ahead: Reduction heuristics

- Number of satisfied clauses
- Number of implied variables
- New (reduced, not satisfied) clauses
 - Smaller clauses more important
 - Weights based on occurring

Look-ahead: Architecture



Look-ahead: Pseudo code

```
1:  $\mathcal{F} := \text{SIMPLIFY}(\mathcal{F})$ 
2: If  $\mathcal{F}$  is empty then return satisfiable
3: If  $\emptyset \in \mathcal{F}$  then return unsatisfiable
4:  $\langle \mathcal{F}; l_{\text{decision}} \rangle := \text{LOOKAHEAD}(\mathcal{F})$ 
5: if  $\text{DPLL}(\mathcal{F}(l_{\text{decision}} \leftarrow 1)) = \text{satisfiable}$ 
   then
6:   return satisfiable
7: end if
8: return  $\text{DPLL}(\mathcal{F}(l_{\text{decision}} \leftarrow 0))$ 
```

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(local) constraint resolvents:

$$(x_2 \vee x_3) \text{ and } (x_2 \vee \neg x_6)$$

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An *1-autarky* is a partial assignment that satisfies all touched clauses except one

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Could reduce computational cost on UNSAT

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$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{F}_{\text{learning}} := & (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_3 \vee x_4) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2 \vee x_3) \\ & (\neg x_1 \vee x_2) \wedge (x_1 \vee x_3 \vee x_6) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee x_4 \vee \neg x_5) \\ & (x_1 \vee \neg x_6) \wedge (x_4 \vee x_5 \vee x_6) \wedge (x_5 \vee \neg x_6)\end{aligned}$$

Look-ahead: 1-Autarky learning

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{F}_{\text{learning}} := & (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_3 \vee x_4) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2 \vee x_3) \\ & (\neg x_1 \vee x_2) \wedge (x_1 \vee x_3 \vee x_6) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee x_4 \vee \neg x_5) \\ & (x_1 \vee \neg x_6) \wedge (x_4 \vee x_5 \vee x_6) \wedge (x_5 \vee \neg x_6)\end{aligned}$$

$$\varphi = \{x_2=0\}$$

Look-ahead: 1-Autarky learning

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{F}_{\text{learning}} := & (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_3 \vee x_4) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2 \vee x_3) \\ & (\neg x_1 \vee x_2) \wedge (x_1 \vee x_3 \vee x_6) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee x_4 \vee \neg x_5) \\ & (x_1 \vee \neg x_6) \wedge (x_4 \vee x_5 \vee x_6) \wedge (x_5 \vee \neg x_6)\end{aligned}$$

$$\varphi = \{x_2=0, x_1=0\}$$

Look-ahead: 1-Autarky learning

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{F}_{\text{learning}} := & (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_3 \vee x_4) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2 \vee x_3) \\ & (\neg x_1 \vee x_2) \wedge (x_1 \vee x_3 \vee x_6) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee x_4 \vee \neg x_5) \\ & (x_1 \vee \neg x_6) \wedge (x_4 \vee x_5 \vee x_6) \wedge (x_5 \vee \neg x_6)\end{aligned}$$

$$\varphi = \{x_2=0, x_1=0, x_6=0\}$$

Look-ahead: 1-Autarky learning

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{F}_{\text{learning}} := & (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_3 \vee x_4) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2 \vee x_3) \\ & (\neg x_1 \vee x_2) \wedge (x_1 \vee x_3 \vee x_6) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee x_4 \vee \neg x_5) \\ & (x_1 \vee \neg x_6) \wedge (x_4 \vee x_5 \vee x_6) \wedge (x_5 \vee \neg x_6)\end{aligned}$$

$$\varphi = \{x_2=0, x_1=0, x_6=0, x_3=1\}$$

Look-ahead: 1-Autarky learning

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}_{\text{learning}} := & (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_3 \vee x_4) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2 \vee x_3) \\ & (\neg x_1 \vee x_2) \wedge (x_1 \vee x_3 \vee x_6) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee x_4 \vee \neg x_5) \\ & (x_1 \vee \neg x_6) \wedge (x_4 \vee x_5 \vee x_6) \wedge (x_5 \vee \neg x_6) \end{aligned}$$

$$\varphi = \{x_2=0, x_1=0, x_6=0, x_3=1\}$$

(local) 1-autarky resolvents:

$$(\neg x_2 \vee \neg x_4) \text{ and } (\neg x_2 \vee \neg x_5)$$

Computational Logic and Satisfiability

IN4077

Look-ahead SAT solvers

Marijn J.H. Heule

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